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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/890,771 03/05/2002		Peter Robert Flux	UDL0157PUSA	7885
75	90 02/17/2004		EXAM	INER
Brooks & Kushman			CHIN SHUE, ALVIN C	
Twenty Second	Floor			
1000 Town Center			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Southfield, MI 48075			3634	

DATE MAILED: 02/17/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/890,771	FLUX, PETER ROBERT				
 Office Action Summary 	Examiner	Art Unit				
•	Alvin C. Chin-Shue	3634				
∴ The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 17 N						
,						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1955 C.D. 11, 40	JJ U.G. 21J.				
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) <u>1-12</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>5-9</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6) Claim(s) 1-4 and 10-12 is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement					
,	r clockon roquiroment.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex						
,						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
a) All b) Some * c) None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority document		ion No				
2. Certified copies of the priority document3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority						
application from the International Bureau						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list		ed.				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary					
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) 	Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F	ate Patent Application (PTO-152)				
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:					

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The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claim 12 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. The specification as originally filed does not provide support for the indicator.

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1-4 and 10-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. The preamble of the claims stated that only the assembly is being claimed, while positive limitations to the safety line suggest that a combination of the assembly with the safety line is being claimed, thus rendering the claims indefinite as it is unclear what is the meats and bound of the claimed invention.

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

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A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-4 and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by GB '096 to David. David shows a gripping means 10,25, a tensioning means with hollow shaft 6 and load setting means 11, and bracket means 18,24,23,1,4.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-4 and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lichtenberg in view of either Davies or David. Lichtenberg shows the claimed assembly with a gripping means 20, a tensioning means with hollow shaft 26 and load setting means 28, and bracket means 30 the claimed difference being the manually adjustable clamp block. Davies in fig.5 and David at 10,25 show the claimed clamp block. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide Lichtenberg with a gripping means as claimed, in lieu of his means 20, to facilitate

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repositioning on the cable. To provide an indicator, as is conventional to facilitate inspection, would have been an obvious engineering expedient.

Claims 1 and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lichtenberg in view of French pat. '820 to Pillas. Lichtenberg shows the claimed assembly with a gripping means 20, a tensioning means with hollow shaft 26 and load setting means 28, and bracket means 30 the claimed difference being the manually adjustable clamp block. Pillas at 6 shows the claimed clamp block. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide Lichtenberg with a gripping means as claimed, in lieu of his means 20, to facilitate repositioning on the cable. To provide an indicator, as is conventional to facilitate inspection, would have been an obvious engineering expedient.

Claims 10 and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lichtenberg and either David or Davies as applied to claims 1 and 2 above, and further in view of Lichtenberg '185. Lichtenberg "185 in fig.4 shows a bracket 43 with jaws and a tensioner at 49. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Lichtenberg '785 to comprise a tensioner and bracket with jaws, in lieu of his tensioner and bracket, to enable support in an aperture.

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Claims 10/1 and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lichtenberg and Pillas as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Lichtenberg '185. Lichtenberg "185 in fig.4 shows a bracket 43 with jaws and a tensioner at 49. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Lichtenberg '785 to comprise a tensioner and bracket with jaws, in lieu of his tensioner and bracket, to enable support in an aperture.

The drawings are objected to under 37 CFR 1.83(a). The drawings must show every feature of the invention specified in the claims. Therefore, the limitation of claim 12 must be shown or the feature(s) canceled from the claim(s). No new matter should be entered.

Applicant's arguments filed 11.17.03 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant stated that David's assembly is not a bottom anchor, it is noted that the claimed invention is to an assembly or an assembly and line, wherein all the claimed elements are taught by David, and the claimed use is not deemed to be a patentable distinction. With respect to Lichtenberg and either David or Davies, applicant stated that if Lichtenberg was modified to comprise an adjustable gripping member, then the tensioner 26 would not be needed. The examiner

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disagrees as the adjustable gripper would provide coarse adjustments while the tensioner 26 would provide fine adjustments.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Alvin C. Chin-Shue whose telephone number is 703-308-2475. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 8:00 a.m. - 4:30 p.m..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Daniel P. Stodola can be reached on 703-308-2686. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Alvin C. Chin-Shue Primary Examiner Art Unit 3634